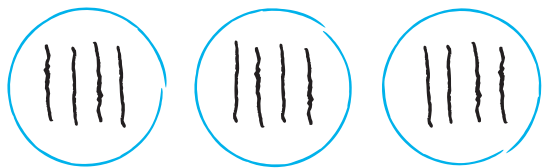


How many in each group?

$$12 \div 3 = ?$$

If we divide 12 tally marks into 3 equal groups, how many will there be in each group?

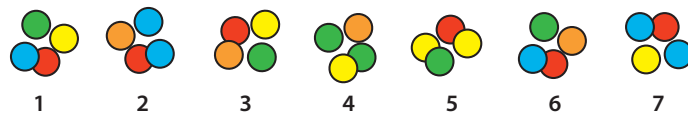


Each group got 4 tally marks, so $12 \div 3 = 4$.

How many equal groups?

$$28 \div 4 = ?$$

If we divide 28 counters into equal groups of 4, how many groups will we make?



We can make 7 groups of 4, so $28 \div 4 = 7$.

Build a tile array

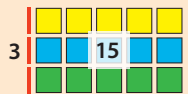
$$15 \div 3 = ?$$

If we arrange 15 tiles to form an array with a dimension of 3, what is the other dimension?

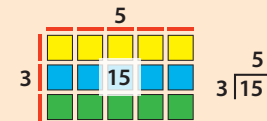
Use red linear pieces to show the divisor.

3

Divide the dividend equally.



Use red linear pieces to show the quotient.

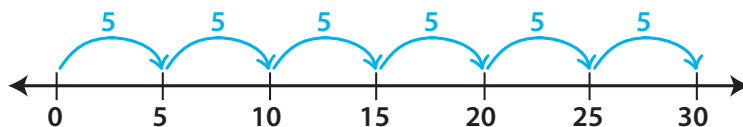


There are 5 in each row, so $15 \div 3 = 5$.

Use skip-counting

$$30 \div 5 = ?$$

How many times do we have to count by 5 to reach 30?



If you skip-count by 5 six times, you get to 30, so $30 \div 5 = 6$.

Think multiplication

$$32 \div 8 = ?$$

$$8 \times \square = 32$$

I know that 8×4 is 32, so $32 \div 8 = 4$.

Break apart

$$36 \div 3 = ?$$

Break the dividend apart. Divide each part and add the quotients.

$$36 = 30 + 6$$

$$30 \div 3 = 10 \text{ and } 6 \div 3 = 2$$

$$10 + 2 = 12 \text{ so } 36 \div 3 = 12$$

When we solve division problems this way, we're using the *distributive property*.